

Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

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| Bill Number: 1359 HB | Title: Marijuana acquisition/adults | Agency: 055-Admin Office of the Courts |
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Part I: Estimates

☒ **No Fiscal Impact**

The revenue and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Responsibility for expenditures may be subject to the provisions of RCW 43.135.060.

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- ☐ If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- ☐ If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- ☐ Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

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Request # 1359 HB-1

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts

New sections would be added to RCW 69.50 relating to ensuring safe, responsible, and legal acquisition of marijuana by adults; and prescribing penalties.

Section 1(1) states that every person under the age of twenty-one who purchases or attempts to purchase marijuana would be guilty of a civil infraction under the section except for persons between the age of eighteen and twenty-one who are participating in a controlled purchase program.

Section 2 states that any person who invites a person under the age of twenty-one years into a public place where marijuana is sold and treats, gives, or purchases marijuana for a person under the age of twenty-one years, or permits a person under the age of twenty-one years to treat, give, or purchase marijuana for an adult, or represents the person as being twenty-one years of age or older to the owner or employee of the marijuana establishment, a law enforcement officer, or a liquor enforcement officer, would be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 3 states that it would be a civil infraction for any person under the age of twenty-one years to enter or remain in any marijuana licensed premises, and represent his or her age as being twenty-one years or older to purchase marijuana, or enter or remain in a marijuana licensed premises.

Section 4 states that any person who transfers an identification of age to a person under the age of twenty-one years for the purpose of permitting such person to obtain marijuana, useable marijuana, or marijuana infused products would be guilty of a misdemeanor under RCW 9A.20.021, except that a minimum fine of two thousand five hundred dollars would be imposed and any sentence requiring community restitution must require no less than twenty-five hours.

Section 6(1) states that no person may forge, alter, counterfeit, otherwise prepare, or acquire and supply to a person under the age of twenty-one a facsimile of any of the officially issued forms of identification that are acceptable for proof of age and by doing so would be a gross misdemeanor punishable under RCW 9A.20.021, except that a minimum fine of two thousand five hundred dollars would be imposed.

Section 6(2) states that any person who manufactures, sells, or delivers a forged, fictitious, counterfeit, fraudulently altered, or unlawfully issued driver's license or identification card under section 5 (1)(a) of this act would be guilty of a class C felony as provided under RCW 46.20.0921(3)(a).

Based on input from the courts, these cases will be much like liquor enforcement related cases. There will be little impact on the courts and they will be able to absorb infractions and criminal matters.

II. B - Cash Receipts Impact

II. C - Expenditures

Part III: Expenditure Detail

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact